



MGT5A Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYab-23542
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	MGAT5 GGNT5
Protein Name	Alpha-1,6-mannosylglycoprotein 6-beta-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase A (EC 2.4.1.155) (Alpha-mannoside beta-1,6-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase) (GlcNAc-T V) (GNT-V) (Mannoside acetylglucosaminyltran
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 551-600
Specificity	MGT5A Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	
Observed Band	81kD
Cell Pathway	Golgi apparatus membrane ; Single-pass type II membrane protein .; [Secreted alpha-1,6-mannosylglycoprotein 6-beta-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase A]: Secreted .
Tissue Specificity	Liver,Placenta,
Function	catalytic activity:UDP-N-acetyl-D-glucosamine + 6-(2-(N-acetyl-beta-D-glucosaminyl)-alpha-D-mannosyl)-beta-D-mannosyl-R = UDP + 6-(2,6-bis(N-acetyl-beta-D-glucosaminyl)-alpha-D-mannosyl)-beta-D-mannosyl-R .,function:Catalyzes the addition of N-acetylglucosamine in beta 1-6 linkage to the alpha-linked mannose of biantennary N-linked oligosaccharides. It is one of the most important enzymes involved in the regulation of the biosynthesis of glycoprotein oligosaccharides.,online information:Alpha-1,6-mannosylglycoprotein

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	6-beta-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferaseV,online information:GlycoGene database,pathway:Protein modification; protein glycosylation.,similarity:Belongs to the glycosyltransferase 18 family.,
Background	The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the glycosyltransferase family. It catalyzes the addition of beta-1,6-N-acetylglucosamine to the alpha-linked mannose of biantennary N-linked oligosaccharides present on the newly synthesized glycoproteins. It is one of the most important enzymes involved in the regulation of the biosynthesis of glycoprotein oligosaccharides. Alterations of the oligosaccharides on cell surface glycoproteins cause significant changes in the adhesive or migratory behavior of a cell. Increase in the activity of this enzyme has been correlated with the progression of invasive malignancies. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2011],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

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