



## ALK (phospho Tyr1507) Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYmab-13037
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Monkey
Applications	WB
Gene Name	ALK
Protein Name	ALK tyrosine kinase receptor
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human ALK around the phosphorylation site of Tyr1507. AA range:1473-1522
Specificity	Phospho-ALK (Y1507) Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ALK protein only when phosphorylated at Y1507.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
	<u> </u>
Purity	≥90%
Purity	≥90%
Purity Storage Stability	≥90%  -20°C/1 year  ALK; ALK tyrosine kinase receptor; Anaplastic lymphoma kinase; CD antigen
Purity Storage Stability Synonyms	≥90%  -20°C/1 year  ALK; ALK tyrosine kinase receptor; Anaplastic lymphoma kinase; CD antigen CD246
Purity Storage Stability Synonyms Observed Band	≥90%  -20°C/1 year  ALK; ALK tyrosine kinase receptor; Anaplastic lymphoma kinase; CD antigen CD246  150-240kD  Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Membrane attachment is essential for promotion of neuron-like differentiation and cell proliferation arrest

Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd

网址: www.njbybio.com 官方热线: 025-5229-8998 监督电话: 15950492658







Background

constitutively active fusion proteins are responsible for 5-10% of non-Hodgkin lymphomas.,function:Orphan receptor with a tyrosine-protein kinase activity. Appears to play an important role in the normal development and function

This gene encodes a receptor tyrosine kinase, which belongs to the insulin receptor superfamily. This protein comprises an extracellular domain, an hydrophobic stretch corresponding to a single pass transmembrane region, and an intracellular kinase domain. It plays an important role in the development of the brain and exerts its effects on specific neurons in the nervous system. This gene has been found to be rearranged, mutated, or amplified in a series of tumours including anaplastic large cell lymphomas, neuroblastoma, and non-small cell lung cancer. The chromosomal rearrangements are the most common genetic alterations in this gene, which result in creation of multiple fusion genes in tumourigenesis, including ALK (chromosome 2)/EML4 (chromosome 2), ALK/RANBP2 (chromosome 2), ALK/ATIC (chromosome 2), ALK/TFG (chromosome 3), ALK/NPM1 (chromosome 5), ALK/SQSTM1 (chromosome

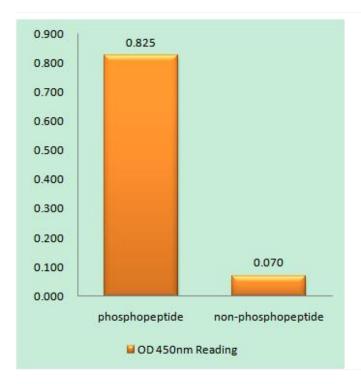
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions** 

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## **Products Images**



Western Blot analysis of various cells using ALK (phospho Tyr1507) Monoclonal Antibody

Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd