



AR (Acetyl Lys633) Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYmab-03246
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human:K633;Mouse:K613;Rat:K616
Applications	WB
Gene Name	AR DHTR NR3C4
Protein Name	Androgen receptor (Dihydrotestosterone receptor) (Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 4)
Immunogen	Synthetic Acetyl peptide from human protein at AA range: 633
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of AR at Human:K633;Mouse:K613;Rat:K616, It doesn't reacte with total protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Concentration Purity	1 mg/ml ≥90%
Purity	≥90%
Purity Storage Stability	≥90% -20°C/1 year Androgen receptor (Dihydrotestosterone receptor) (Nuclear receptor subfamily 3
Purity Storage Stability Synonyms	≥90% -20°C/1 year Androgen receptor (Dihydrotestosterone receptor) (Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 4)
Purity Storage Stability Synonyms Observed Band	≥90% -20°C/1 year Androgen receptor (Dihydrotestosterone receptor) (Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 4) 100kD Nucleus . Cytoplasm . Detected at the promoter of target genes (PubMed:25091737). Predominantly cytoplasmic in unligated form but translocates to the nucleus upon ligand-binding. Can also translocate to the

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hypospadias, hypogonadism, gynecomastia, genital ambiguity, normal XY karyotype, and a pedigree pattern consistent with X-linked recessive inheritance. Some patients present azoospermia or severe oligospermia without other clinical manifestations, disease: Defects in AR are the cause of spinal and bulb

Background

The androgen receptor gene is more than 90 kb long and codes for a protein that has 3 major functional domains: the N-terminal domain, DNA-binding domain, and androgen-binding domain. The protein functions as a steroid-hormone activated transcription factor. Upon binding the hormone ligand, the receptor dissociates from accessory proteins, translocates into the nucleus, dimerizes, and then stimulates transcription of androgen responsive genes. This gene contains 2 polymorphic trinucleotide repeat segments that encode polyglutamine and polyglycine tracts in the N-terminal transactivation domain of its protein. Expansion of the polyglutamine tract from the normal 9-34 repeats to the pathogenic 38-62 repeats causes spinal bulbar muscular atrophy (Kennedy disease). Mutations in this gene are also associated with complete androgen insensitivity (CAIS). Two alternatively spliced variants encoding distinct isoform

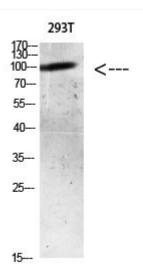
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using AR (Acetyl Lys633) Monoclonal Antibody

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