



# BTR1 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYmab-03088
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications	WB
Gene Name	SLC4A11
Protein Name	Sodium bicarbonate transporter-like protein 11
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human SLC4A11. AA range:291-340
Specificity	BTR1 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of BTR1 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	SLC4A11; BTR1; Sodium bicarbonate transporter-like protein 11; Bicarbonate transporter-related protein 1; Sodium borate cotransporter 1; NaBC1; Solute carrier family 4 member 11
Observed Band	100kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Basolateral cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein .
Tissue Specificity	Widely expressed. Highly expressed in kidney, testis, salivary gland, thyroid, trachea and corneal endothelium. Not detected in retina and lymphocytes. ; [Isoform 3]: Expressed in corneal endothelium (at protein level). ; [Isoform 5]: The predominant isoform in corneal endothelium (at protein level).
Function	disease:Defects in SLC4A11 are the cause of corneal dystrophy and perceptive deafness (CDPD) [MIM:217400]; also known as corneal dystrophy and sensorineural deafness or Harboyan syndrome. CDPD consists of congenital corneal endothelial dystrophy and progressive perceptive deafness. Inheritance is autosomal recessive.,disease:Defects in SLC4A11 are the cause of corneal endothelial dystrophy type 2 (CHED2) [MIM:217700]; also known as congenital

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hereditary endothelial dystrophy of cornea. This bilateral corneal dystrophy is characterized by corneal opacification and nystagmus. Inheritance is autosomal recessive.,function:Transporter involved in borate homeostasis. In the absence of borate, it functions as a Na(+) and OH(-)(H(+)) channel. In the presence of borate functions as an electrogenic Na(+) coupled borate cotransporter.,PTM:Glycosylated.,similarity:Belongs to the anion exchanger (TC

#### Background

This gene encodes a voltage-regulated, electrogenic sodium-coupled borate cotransporter that is essential for borate homeostasis, cell growth and cell proliferation. Mutations in this gene have been associated with a number of endothelial corneal dystrophies including recessive corneal endothelial dystrophy 2, corneal dystrophy and perceptive deafness, and Fuchs endothelial corneal dystrophy. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010],

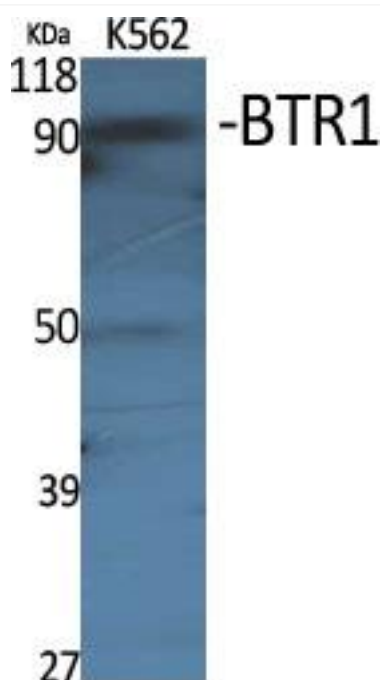
#### matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

#### Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

### Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using BTR1 Monoclonal Antibody