



# PSMD2 Monoclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	BYmab-02769
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse;Rat
<b>Applications</b>	WB
<b>Gene Name</b>	PSMD2
<b>Protein Name</b>	26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 2
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human PSMD2. AA range:101-150
<b>Specificity</b>	PSMD2 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PSMD2 protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500-2000
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	PSMD2; TRAP2; 26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 2; 26S proteasome regulatory subunit RPN1; 26S proteasome regulatory subunit S2; 26S proteasome subunit p97; Protein 55.11; Tumor necrosis factor type 1 receptor-associated protein
<b>Observed Band</b>	100kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	proteasome complex,nucleus,nucleoplasm,cytosol,proteasome regulatory particle,proteasome regulatory particle, base subcomplex,membrane,proteasome accessory complex,proteasome storage granule,extracellular exosome,
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Found in skeletal muscle, liver, heart, brain, kidney, pancreas, lung and placenta.
<b>Function</b>	function:Acts as a regulatory subunit of the 26 proteasome which is involved in the ATP-dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins.,function:Binds to the intracellular domain of tumor necrosis factor type 1 receptor. The binding domain of TRAP1 and TRAP2 resides outside the death domain of TNFR1.,similarity:Belongs to the proteasome subunit S2 family.,similarity:Contains 7 PC repeats.,tissue specificity:Found in skeletal

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## Background

The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. This gene encodes one of the non-ATPase subunits of the 19S regulator lid. In addition to participation in proteasome function, this subunit may also participate

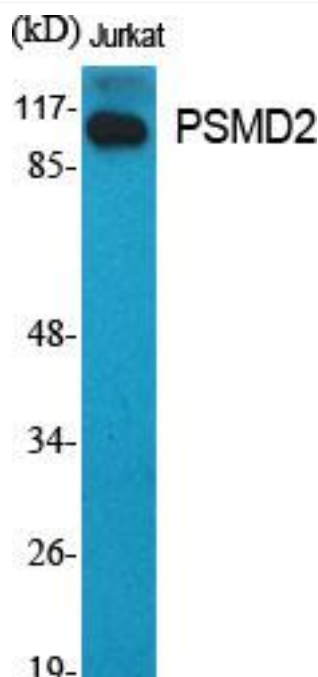
## matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

## Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using PSMD2 Monoclonal Antibody

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