



NDUFB9 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYmab-02704
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications	WB
Gene Name	NDUFB9
Protein Name	NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 9
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human NDUFB9. AA range:102-151
Specificity	NDUFB9 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of NDUFB9 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	NDUFB9; LYRM3; UQOR22; NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 9; Complex I-B22; CI-B22; LYR motif-containing protein 3; NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase B22 subunit
Observed Band	22kD
Cell Pathway	Mitochondrion inner membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Matrix side .
Tissue Specificity	Astrocytoma,Brain,Colon adenocarcinoma,Kidney,Placenta,Umbi
Function	function:Accessory subunit of the mitochondrial membrane respiratory chain NADH dehydrogenase (Complex I), that is believed to be not involved in catalysis. Complex I functions in the transfer of electrons from NADH to the respiratory chain. The immediate electron acceptor for the enzyme is believed to be ubiquinone.,similarity:Belongs to the complex I LYR family.,subunit:Mammalian complex I is composed of 45 different subunits.,
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a subunit of the mitochondrial oxidative phosphorylation complex I (nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide: ubiquinone

Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd

网址: www.njbybio.com 官方热线: 025-5229-8998 监督电话: 15950492658



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oxidoreductase). Complex I is localized to the inner mitochondrial membrane and functions to dehydrogenate nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide and to shuttle electrons to coenzyme Q. Complex I deficiency is the most common defect found in oxidative phosphorylation disorders and results in a range of conditions, including lethal neonatal disease, hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, liver disease, and adult-onset neurodegenerative disorders. Pseudogenes of this gene are found on chromosomes five, seven and eight. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2015],

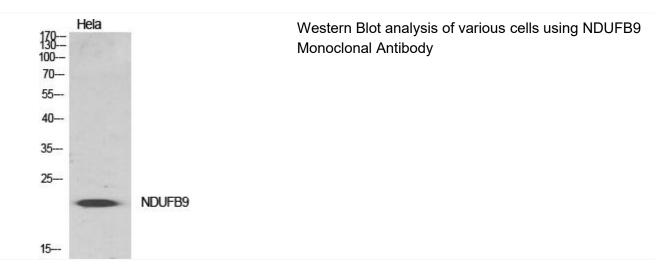
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



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