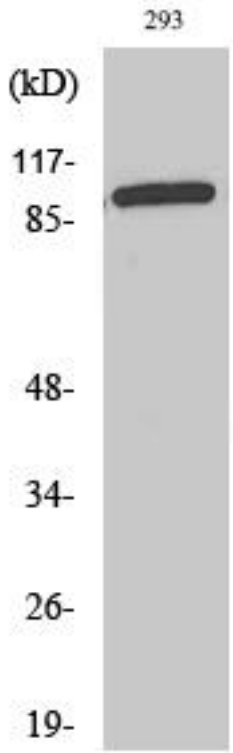
WBSCR11 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYmab-02153
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	GTF2IRD1
Protein Name	General transcription factor II-I repeat domain-containing protein 1
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human GTF2IRD1. AA range:71-120
Specificity	WBSCR11 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of WBSCR11 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	GTF2IRD1; CREAM1; GTF3; MUSTRD1; RBAP2; WBSCR11; WBSCR12; General transcription factor II-I repeat domain-containing protein 1; GTF2I repeat domain-containing protein 1; General transcription factor III; MusTRD1/BEN; Muscle TFII-I repeat do
Observed Band	106kD
Cell Pathway	Nucleus.
Tissue Specificity	Highly expressed in adult skeletal muscle, heart, fibroblast, bone and fetal tissues. Expressed at lower levels in all other tissues tested.
Function	developmental stage:Highly expressed in developing and regenerating muscles, at the time of myofiber diversification.,disease:Haploinsufficiency of GTF2IRD1 may be the cause of certain cardiovascular and musculo-skeletal abnormalities observed in Williams-Beuren syndrome (WBS), a rare developmental disorder. It is a contiguous gene deletion syndrome involving genes from chromosome band 7q11.23.,domain:The N-terminal half may have an activating activity.,function:May be a transcription regulator involved in cell-cycle

	progression and skeletal muscle differentiation. May repress GTF2I transcriptional functions, by preventing its nuclear residency, or by inhibiting its transcriptional activation. May contribute to slow-twitch fiber type specificity during myogenesis and in regenerating muscles. Binds troponin I slow-muscle fiber enhancer (USE B1). Binds specifically and with high affinity t
Background	The protein encoded by this gene contains five GTF2I-like repeats and each repeat possesses a potential helix-loop-helix (HLH) motif. It may have the ability to interact with other HLH-proteins and function as a transcription factor or as a positive transcriptional regulator under the control of Retinoblastoma protein. This gene plays a role in craniofacial and cognitive development and mutations have been associated with Williams-Beuren syndrome, a multisystem developmental disorder caused by deletion of multiple genes at 7q11.23. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2010],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using WBSCR11 Monoclonal Antibody