



## IRF-4 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYmab-01828
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse
Applications	WB
Gene Name	IRF4
Protein Name	Interferon regulatory factor 4
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human IRF4. AA range:281-330
Specificity	IRF-4 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of IRF-4 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	IRF4; MUM1; Interferon regulatory factor 4; IRF-4; Lymphocyte-specific interferon regulatory factor; LSIRF; Multiple myeloma oncogene 1; NF-EM5
Observed Band	45kD
Cell Pathway	Nucleus.
Tissue Specificity	Lymphoid cells.
Function	disease:A chromosomal aberration involving IRF4 may be a cause of multiple myeloma [MIM:254500]. Translocation t(6;14)(p25;q32) with the IgH locus.,function:Transcriptional activator. Binds to the interferon-stimulated response element (ISRE) of the MHC class I promoter. Binds the immunoglobulin lambda light chain enhancer, together with PU.1. Probably plays a role in ISRE-targeted signal transduction mechanisms specific to lymphoid cells.,induction:Not induced by interferons.,similarity:Belongs to the IRF family.,similarity:Contains 1 tryptophan pentad repeat DNA-binding domain.,subunit:Interacts with SPIB and DEF6.,tissue specificity:Lymphoid cells.,

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The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the IRF (interferon regulatory factor) family of transcription factors, characterized by an unique tryptophan pentad repeat DNA-binding domain. The IRFs are important in the regulation of interferons in response to infection by virus, and in the regulation of interferon-inducible genes. This family member is lymphocyte specific and negatively regulates Toll-like-receptor (TLR) signaling that is central to the activation of innate and adaptive immune systems. A chromosomal translocation involving this gene and the IgH locus, t(6;14)(p25;q32), may be a cause of multiple myeloma. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2010],

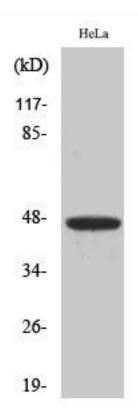
## matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

## **Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## **Products Images**



Western Blot analysis of various cells using IRF-4 Monoclonal Antibody

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