



HDAC6 (phospho Ser22) Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYmab-01396
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse
Applications	WB
Gene Name	HDAC6
Protein Name	Histone deacetylase 6
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human HDAC6 around the phosphorylation site of Ser22. AA range:7-56
Specificity	Phospho-HDAC6 (S22) Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of HDAC6 protein only when phosphorylated at S22.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	HDAC6; KIAA0901; JM21; Histone deacetylase 6; HD6
Observed Band	131kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Nucleus . Perikaryon . Cell projection, dendrite . Cell projection, axon . It is mainly cytoplasmic, where it is associated with microtubules. .
Tissue Specificity	Brain,Epithelium,Kidney,Muscle,Ovary,Placenta,
Function	catalytic activity:Hydrolysis of an N(6)-acetyl-lysine residue of a histone to yield a deacetylated histone.,function:Responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes (By similarity). Plays a central role in microtubule-dependent cell motility via deacetylation of tubulin.,PTM:Sumoylated in vitro.,PTM:Ubiquitinated. Its polyubiquitination however does not lead to its degradation.,similarity:Belongs to the histone deacetylase family. Type 2 subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 UBP-type

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zinc finger.,subcellular location:It is mainly cytoplasmic, where it is associated with microtubules

Background

Histones play a critical role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression, and developmental events. Histone acetylation/deacetylation alters chromosome structure and affects transcription factor access to DNA. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to class II of the histone deacetylase/acuc/apha family. It contains an internal duplication of two catalytic domains which appear to function independently of each other. This protein possesses histone deacetylase activity and represses transcription. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

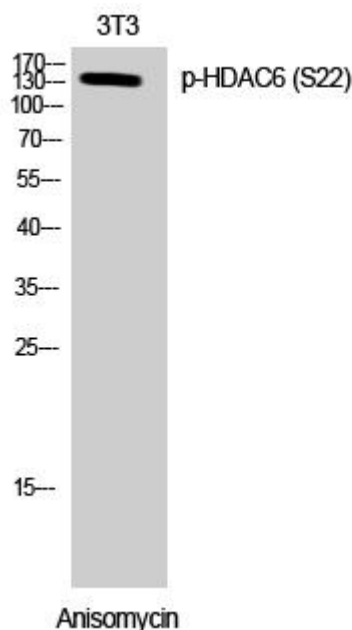
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using HDAC6 (phospho Ser22) Monoclonal Antibody