



Beta-catenin(ABT-Catenin) mouse mAb

Catalog No	BYab-15441
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	IHC,WB
Gene Name	CTNNB1 CTNNB OK/SW-cl.35 PRO2286
Protein Name	Catenin-β;b-catenin;Beta catenin;Beta-catenin;Cadherin associated protein;Catenin (cadherin associated protein), beta 1, 88 kDa;Catenin beta 1;Catenin beta-1;CATNB;CHBCAT;CTNB1_HUMAN;CTNNB;CTNNB1;DKFZ
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human Beta-catenin
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of human Catenin beta-1 (Beta-catenin). Heat-induced epitope retrieval (HIER) TRIS-EDTA of pH9.0 was highly recommended as antigen repair method in paraffin sec
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Mouse, Monoclonal/IgG2b, Kappa
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 500-2000 IHC-p 1:100-500
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	CTNNB1; CTNNB; OK/SW-cl.35; Catenin beta-1; Beta-catenin
Observed Band	92kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Cell junction, adherens junction . Cell junction . Cell membrane . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Cell junction, synapse . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium basal body . Colocalized with RAPGEF2 and TJP1 at cell-cell contacts (By similarity). Cytoplasmic when it is unstabilized (high level of phosphorylation) or bound to CDH1. Translocates to the nucleus when it is stabilized (low level of phosphorylation). Interaction with GLIS2 and MUC1 promotes nuclear translocation. Interaction with EMD inhibits nuclear localization. The majority of beta-catenin is localized to the cell membrane. In interphase, colocalizes with CROCC between CEP250 puncta at the proximal end of cent
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in several hair follicle cell types: basal and peripheral matrix cells, and cells of the outer and inner root sheaths. Expressed in colon. Present in cortical neurons (at protein level). Expressed in breast cancer tissues (at protein level) (PubMed:29367600).

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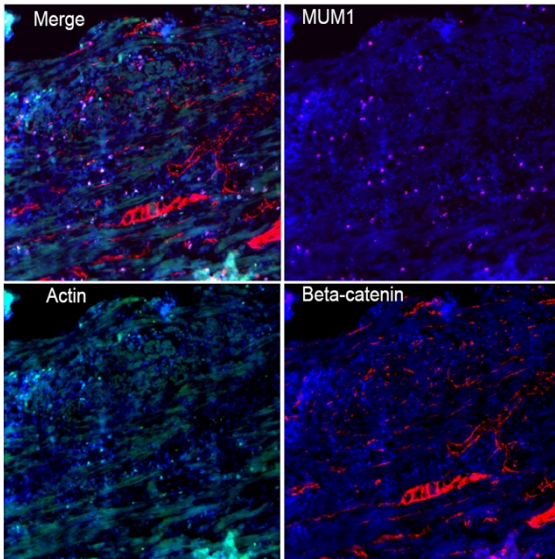


Function	disease:A chromosomal rearrangement involving CTNNB1 may be a cause of salivary gland pleiomorphic adenomas (PA) [181030]. Pleiomorphic adenomas are the most common benign epithelial tumors of the salivary gland. Translocation t(3;8)(p21;q12) with PLAG1..disease:Activating mutations in CTNNB1 have oncogenic activity resulting in tumor development. Somatic mutations are found in various tumor types, including colon cancers, ovarian and prostate carcinomas, hepatoblastoma (HB), hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC). HBs are malignant embryonal tumors mainly affecting young children in the first three years of life..disease:Defects in CTNNB1 are a cause of medulloblastoma (MDB) [MIM:155255]. MDB is a malignant, invasive embryonal tumor of the cerebellum with a preferential manifestation in children..disease:Defects in CTNNB1 are a cause of pilomatixoma (PTR) [MIM:132600]; a common benign skin tum
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is part of a complex of proteins that constitute adherens junctions (AJs). AJs are necessary for the creation and maintenance of epithelial cell layers by regulating cell growth and adhesion between cells. The encoded protein also anchors the actin cytoskeleton and may be responsible for transmitting the contact inhibition signal that causes cells to stop dividing once the epithelial sheet is complete. Finally, this protein binds to the product of the APC gene, which is mutated in adenomatous polyposis of the colon. Mutations in this gene are a cause of colorectal cancer (CRC), pilomatixoma (PTR), medulloblastoma (MDB), and ovarian cancer. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2016],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

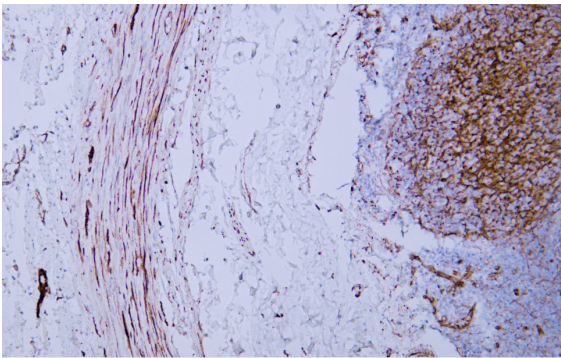
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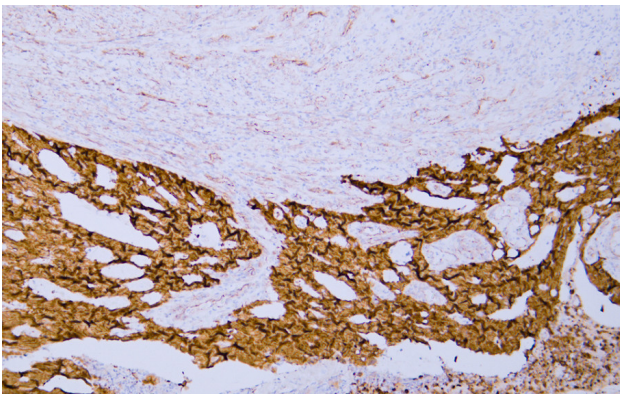
Products Images



Fluorescence multiplex immunohistochemical analysis of normal human appendix tissue (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded section). The section was incubated in 3 rounds of staining; in the order of Actin .(Catalog no:YM6566 1/200 dilution), Beta-catenin .(Catalog no: YM6675 1/200 dilution), MUM1. (Catalog no:YM6762 1/200 dilution), each using a separate fluorescent tyramide signal amplification system : Treble-Fluorescence immunohistochemical mouse/rabbit kit Catalog NO: RS0035 (pH9.0)



Human appendix tissue was stained with anti-Beta-catenin(ABT-Catenin) antibody.



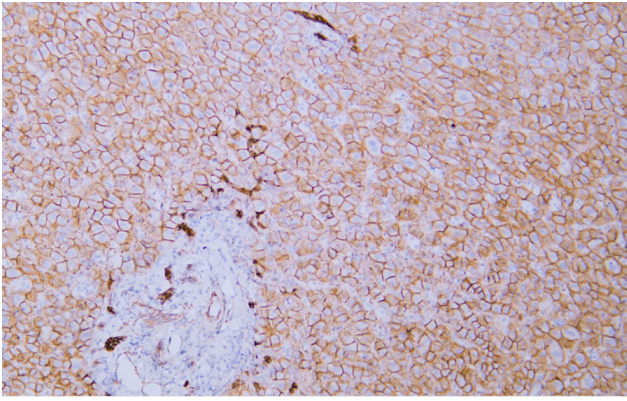
Human colon carcinoma tissue was stained with anti-Beta-catenin(ABT-Catenin) antibody.

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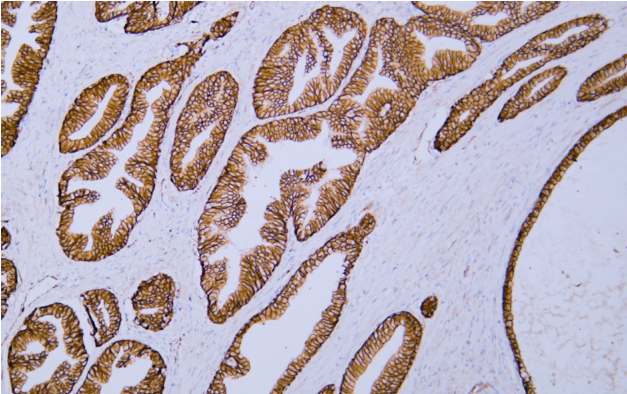
网址: www.njbybio.com

官方热线: 025-5229-8998

监督电话: 15950492658



Human liver tissue was stained with anti-Beta-catenin(ABT-Catenin) antibody.



Human prostate tissue was stained with anti-Beta-catenin(ABT-Catenin) antibody.