



NQO2 Polyclonal Antibody

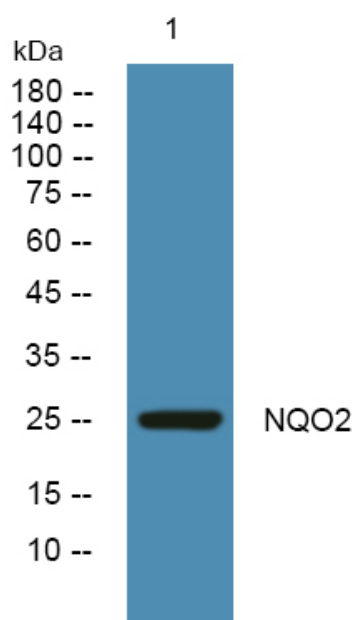
Catalog No	BYab-06111
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	NQO2 NMOR2
Protein Name	Ribosyldihydronicotinamide dehydrogenase [quinone] (EC 1.10.99.2) (NRH dehydrogenase [quinone] 2) (NRH:quinone oxidoreductase 2) (Quinone reductase 2) (QR2)
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 40-120
Specificity	NQO2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	
Observed Band	25kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm.
Tissue Specificity	Brain,Liver,
Function	catalytic activity:1-(beta-D-ribofuranosyl)-1,4-dihydronicotinamide + a quinone = 1-(beta-D-ribofuranosyl)nicotinamide + a hydroquinone.,cofactor:Binds 1 zinc ion per subunit.,cofactor:FAD.,enzyme regulation:Inhibited by melatonin, resveratrol and 5-hydroxytryptamine.,function:The enzyme apparently serves as a quinone reductase in connection with conjugation reactions of hydroquinones involved in detoxification pathways as well as in biosynthetic processes such as the vitamin K-dependent gamma-carboxylation of glutamate residues in prothrombin synthesis.,miscellaneous:Uses dihydronicotinamide riboside (NRH) rather than NAD(P)H as an electron donor.,similarity:Belongs to the NAD(P)H dehydrogenase (quinone) family.,subunit:Homodimer.,

Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd



Background	This gene encodes a member of the thioredoxin family of enzymes. It is a cytosolic and ubiquitously expressed flavoprotein that catalyzes the two-electron reduction of quinone substrates and uses dihydronicotinamide riboside as a reducing coenzyme. Mutations in this gene have been associated with neurodegenerative diseases and several cancers. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2014],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from K562 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night