



THRB (heavy chain, Cleaved-Ile364) rabbit pAb

Catalog No	BYab-03367
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;ELISA;IHC
Gene Name	F2
Protein Name	THRB (heavy chain, Cleaved-Ile364)
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human THRB (heavy chain, Cleaved-Ile364)
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human,Mouse,Rat THRB (heavy chain, Cleaved-Ile364, protein was cleaved amino acid sequence between 363-364)
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000;IHC-p 1:50-300; ELISA 2000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	Prothrombin (EC 3.4.21.5;Coagulation factor II) [Cleaved into: Activation peptide fragment 1; Activation peptide fragment 2; Thrombin light chain; Thrombin heavy chain]
Observed Band	28 63kD
Cell Pathway	Secreted, extracellular space.
Tissue Specificity	Expressed by the liver and secreted in plasma.
Function	protein import into nucleus, translocation, cell activation, regulation of protein amino acid phosphorylation, positive regulation of protein amino acid phosphorylation, acute inflammatory response, protein amino acid phosphorylation,proteolysis, protein targeting, protein import into nucleus, phosphorus metabolic process, phosphate metabolic process, ion transport, cation transport, calcium ion transport, cellular ion homeostasis, cellular calcium ion homeostasis, cellular metal ion homeostasis, intracellular protein transport, nucleocytoplasmic transport, apoptosis,activation of caspase

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activity, defense response, acute-phase response, inflammatory response, cell surface receptor linked signal transduction, elevation of cytosolic calcium ion concentration, intracellular signaling cascade, protein kinase cascade, JAK-STAT cascade, tyrosine phosphorylation of STAT protein, STAT protein n

Background

catalytic activity: Selective cleavage of Arg-|-Gly bonds in fibrinogen to form fibrin and release fibrinopeptides A and B., disease: Defects in F2 are the cause of various forms of dysprothrombinemia [MIM:176930]., disease: Genetic variations in F2 may be a cause of susceptibility to ischemic stroke [MIM:601367]; also known as cerebrovascular accident or cerebral infarction. A stroke is an acute neurologic event leading to death of neural tissue of the brain and resulting in loss of motor, sensory and/or cognitive function. Ischemic strokes, resulting from vascular occlusion, is considered to be a highly complex disease consisting of a group of heterogeneous disorders with multiple genetic and environmental risk factors., function: Thrombin, which cleaves bonds after Arg and Lys, converts fibrinogen to fibrin and activates factors V, VII, VIII, XIII, and, in complex with thrombomodulin, protein C. Functions in blood homeostasis, inflammation and wound healing., miscellaneous: It is not known whether 1 or 2 smaller activation peptides, with additional cleavage after Arg-314, are released in natural blood clotting., miscellaneous: Prothrombin is activated on the surface of a phospholipid membrane that binds the amino end of prothrombin and factors Va and Xa in Ca-dependent interactions; factor Xa removes the activation peptide and cleaves the remaining part into light and heavy chains. The activation process starts slowly because factor V itself has to be activated by the initial, small amounts of thrombin., miscellaneous: The cleavage after Arg-198, observed in vitro, does not occur in plasma., miscellaneous: Thrombin can itself cleave the N-terminal fragment (fragment 1) of the prothrombin, prior to its activation by factor Xa., online information: Thrombin entry, pharmaceutical: The peptide TP508 also known as Chrysalin (Orthologic) could be used to accelerate repair of both soft and hard tissues., PTM: The gamma-carboxyglutamyl residues, which bind calcium ions, result from the carboxylation of glutamyl residues by a microsomal enzyme, the vitamin K-dependent carboxylase. The modified residues are necessary for the calcium-dependent interaction with a negatively charged phospholipid surface, which is essential for the conversion of prothrombin to thrombin., similarity: Belongs to the peptidase S1 family., similarity: Contains 1 Gla (gamma-carboxy-glutamate) domain., similarity: Contains 1 peptidase S1 domain., similarity: Contains 2 kringle domains., tissue specificity: Expressed by the liver and secreted in plasma.,

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

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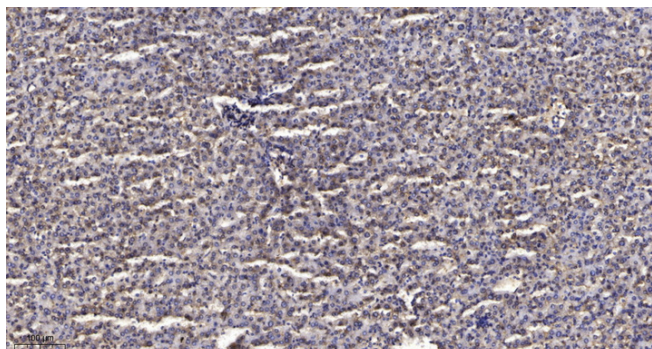
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监督电话: 15950492658



Products Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).