



POLR2E Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYab-01947
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	POLR2E
Protein Name	DNA-directed RNA polymerases I, II, and III subunit RPABC1
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human RPAB1. AA range:21-70
Specificity	POLR2E Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of POLR2E protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/40000.. IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	POLR2E; DNA-directed RNA polymerases I; II, and III subunit RPABC1; RNA polymerases I, II, and III subunit ABC1; DNA-directed RNA polymerase II 23 kDa polypeptide; DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit E; RPB5 homolog; XAP4
Observed Band	25kD
Cell Pathway	Nucleus .
Tissue Specificity	Lung,
Function	function:DNA-dependent RNA polymerase catalyzes the transcription of DNA into RNA using the four ribonucleoside triphosphates as substrates. Common component of RNA polymerases I, II and III which synthesize ribosomal RNA precursors, mRNA precursors and many functional non-coding RNAs, and small RNAs, such as 5S rRNA and tRNAs, respectively. Pol II is the central component of the basal RNA polymerase II transcription machinery. Pols are composed of mobile elements that move relative to each other. In Pol II, POLR2E/RPB5 is part of the lower jaw surrounding the central large cleft and thought to grab the incoming DNA template. Seems to be the major component in this

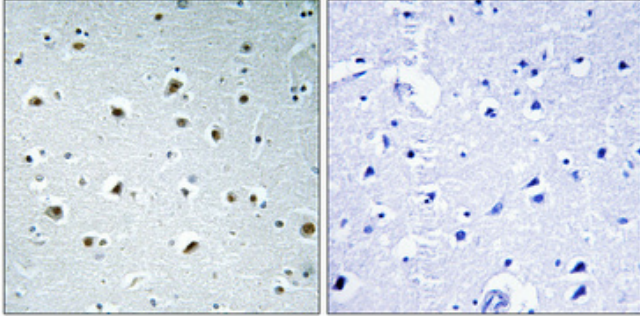
Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd



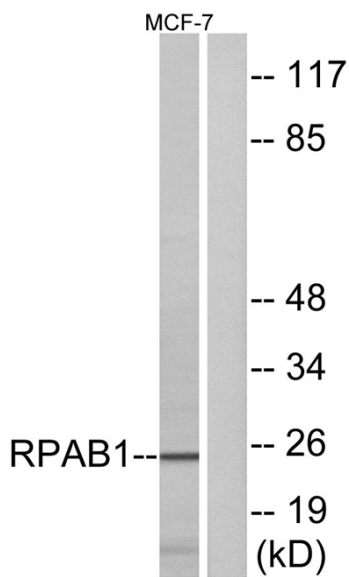
	process.,PTM:The N-terminus is blocked.,similarity:Belongs to the archaeal rpoH/eukaryotic RPB5 RNA polymerase subunit family.,subunit:Component of the RNA polymerase I (Pol I), RNA polymerase II (Pol II) and RNA polymerase II
Background	This gene encodes the fifth largest subunit of RNA polymerase II, the polymerase responsible for synthesizing messenger RNA in eukaryotes. This subunit is shared by the other two DNA-directed RNA polymerases and is present in two-fold molar excess over the other polymerase subunits. An interaction between this subunit and a hepatitis virus transactivating protein has been demonstrated, suggesting that interaction between transcriptional activators and the polymerase can occur through this subunit. A pseudogene is located on chromosome 11. Three transcript variants encoding two different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2015],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



Products Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4° overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negative contrl (right) obtained from antibody was pre-absorbed by immunogen peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from MCF-7 cells, using RPAB1 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.