



IκB-α(N-term) mouse mAb

Catalog No	BYab-01082
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse
Applications	WB
Gene Name	NFKBIA IKBA MAD3 NFKBI
Protein Name	NF-kappa-B inhibitor alpha
Immunogen	Purified recombinant human IκB-alpha(N-terminus) protein fragments expressed in E.coli.
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of IκB-alpha(N-terminus) and does not cross-react with related proteins.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	wb 1:1000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	I kappa B alpha;I kappa B alpha;I(Kappa)B(alpha);I(Kappa)B(alpha);I-kappa-B-alpha;IkappaBalpha;IκB-alpha;IKBA;IKBA;IKBA_HUMAN;IKBalpha;MAD 3;MAD 3;MAD3;Major histocompatibility complex enhancer binding protein MAD3;Major histocompatibility complex enhancer binding protein MAD3;Major histocompatibility complex enhancer-binding protein MAD3;NF kappa B inhibitor alpha;NF-kappa-B inhibitor alpha;NFKBI;NFKBI;NFKBIA; NFKBIA;Nuclear factor of kappa light chain gene enhancer in B cells;Nuclear factor of kappa light chain gene enhancer in B cells;Nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B cells inhibitor alpha;Nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B cells inhibitor alpha.
Observed Band	about 40kd
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm by a nuclear localization signal (NLS) and a CRM1-dependent nuclear export. .

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Tissue Specificity	Brain,Kidney,Lymph node,Monocyte,
Function	disease:Defects in NFKBIA are the cause of ectodermal dysplasia anhidrotic with T-cell immunodeficiency autosomal dominant (AEDDAID) [MIM:612132]. Ectodermal dysplasia defines a heterogeneous group of disorders due to abnormal development of two or more ectodermal structures. AEDDAID is an ectodermal dysplasia associated with decreased production of pro-inflammatory cytokines and certain interferons, rendering patients susceptible to infection.,function:Inhibits the activity of dimeric NF-kappa-B/REL complexes by trapping REL dimers in the cytoplasm through masking of their nuclear localization signals. On cellular stimulation by immune and proinflammatory responses, becomes phosphorylated promoting ubiquitination and degradation, enabling the dimeric RELA to translocate to the nucleus and activate transcription.,induction:Induced in adherent monocytes.,online information:NFKBIA mutation
Background	This gene encodes a member of the NF-kappa-B inhibitor family, which contain multiple ankyrin repeat domains. The encoded protein interacts with REL dimers to inhibit NF-kappa-B/REL complexes which are involved in inflammatory responses. The encoded protein moves between the cytoplasm and the nucleus via a nuclear localization signal and CRM1-mediated nuclear export. Mutations in this gene have been found in ectodermal dysplasia anhidrotic with T-cell immunodeficiency autosomal dominant disease. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2011],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

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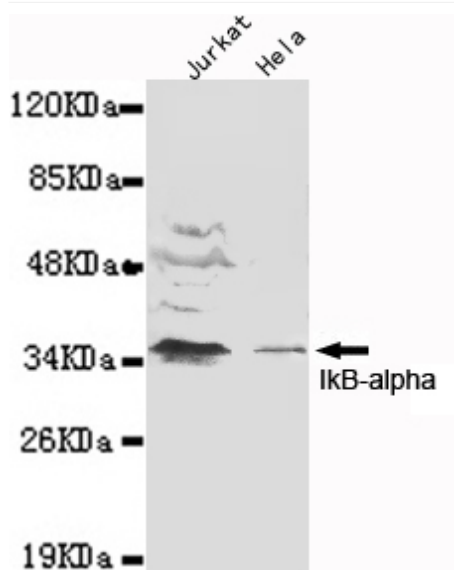
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官方热线: 025-5229-8998

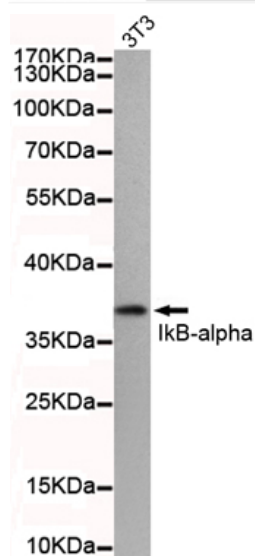
监督电话: 15950492658



Products Images



Western blot detection of IkB-alpha(N-terminus) in Jurkat and HeLa cell lysates using IkB-alpha(N-terminus) mouse mAb (1:1000 diluted). Predicted band size: 36KDa. Observed band size: 36KDa.



Western blot detection of IkB-alpha(N-terminus) in 3T3 cell lysate using IkB-alpha(N-terminus) mouse mAb (1:500 diluted). Predicted band size: 36KDa. Observed band size: 36KDa.