



## ALK (phospho Tyr1604) Monoclonal Antibody

| Catalog No         | BYmab-13050  |
|--------------------|--|
| lsotype            | lgG  |
| Reactivity         | Human;Rat;Mouse;   |
| Applications       | WB   |
| Gene Name          | ALK  |
| Protein Name       | ALK tyrosine kinase receptor   |
| Immunogen          | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human ALK around the phosphorylation site of Tyr1604. AA range:1570-1619   |
| Specificity        | Phospho-ALK (Y1604) Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ALK protein only when phosphorylated at Y1604.  |
| Formulation        | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.  |
| Source             | Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG  |
| Purification       | The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.   |
| Dilution           | WB 1:500-2000  |
| Concentration      | 1 mg/ml  |
| Purity             | ≥90%   |
| Storage Stability  | -20°C/1 year   |
| Synonyms           | ALK; ALK tyrosine kinase receptor; Anaplastic lymphoma kinase; CD antigen CD246  |
| Observed Band      | 150-240kD  |
| Cell Pathway       | Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Membrane attachment is essential for promotion of neuron-like differentiation and cell proliferation arrest through specific activation of the MAP kinase pathway  |
| Tissue Specificity | Expressed in brain and CNS. Also expressed in the small intestine and testis, but not in normal lymphoid cells.  |
| Function           | catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine<br>phosphate.,disease:A chromosomal aberration involving ALK is associated with<br>anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (ALCL). Translocation t(2;17)(p23;q25) with<br>ALO17.,disease:A chromosomal aberration involving ALK is associated with<br>inflammatory myofibroblastic tumors (IMTs). Translocation t(2;11)(p23;p15) with<br>CARS; translocation t(2;4)(p23;q21) with SEC31A.,disease:A chromosomal<br>aberration involving ALK is found in a form of non-Hodgkin lymphoma.<br>Translocation t(2;5)(p23;q35) with NPM1. The resulting chimeric NPM1-ALK<br>protein homodimerize and the kinase becomes constitutively activated. The |
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|----------------------------|---|--|
|                            | constitutively active fusion proteins are responsible for 5-10% of non-Hodgkin<br>lymphomas.,function:Orphan receptor with a tyrosine-protein kinase activity.<br>Appears to play an important role in the normal development and function  |  |
| Background                 | This gene encodes a receptor tyrosine kinase, which belongs to the insulin receptor superfamily. This protein comprises an extracellular domain, an hydrophobic stretch corresponding to a single pass transmembrane region, and an intracellular kinase domain. It plays an important role in the development of the brain and exerts its effects on specific neurons in the nervous system. This gene has been found to be rearranged, mutated, or amplified in a series of tumours including anaplastic large cell lymphomas, neuroblastoma, and non-small cell lung cancer. The chromosomal rearrangements are the most common genetic alterations in this gene, which result in creation of multiple fusion genes in tumourigenesis, including ALK (chromosome 2)/EML4 (chromosome 2), ALK/RANBP2 (chromosome 2), ALK/ATIC (chromosome 2), ALK/TFG (chromosome 3), ALK/NPM1 (chromosome 5), ALK/SQSTM1 (chromosome |  |
| matters needing attention  | Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!  |  |
| Usage suggestions          | This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.   |  |
| Products Images            |   |  |

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