



# Met (phospho Tyr1349) Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYmab-12983
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	MET
Protein Name	Hepatocyte growth factor receptor
lmmunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Met around the phosphorylation site of Tyr1349. AA range:1316-1365
Specificity	Phospho-Met (Y1349) Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Met protein only when phosphorylated at Y1349.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	MET; Hepatocyte growth factor receptor; HGF receptor; HGF/SF receptor; Proto-oncogene c-Met; Scatter factor receptor; SF receptor; Tyrosine-protein kinase Met
Observed Band	155kD
Cell Pathway	Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.; [Isoform 3]: Secreted.
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in normal hepatocytes as well as in epithelial cells lining the stomach, the small and the large intestine. Found also in basal keratinocytes of esophagus and skin. High levels are found in liver, gastrointestinal tract, thyroid and kidney. Also present in the brain. Expressed in metaphyseal bone (at protein level) (PubMed:26637977).
	(i dbived:2003/9//).

Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd



国内优质抗体供应商 精准的 WB 检测服务 24H 在线服务, 欢迎咨询



as papillary renal cell carcinoma 2 (RCCP2). HPRC is a form of inherited kidney
cancer characterized by a predisposition to develop multiple, bilateral papillary
renal tumors. The pattern of inheritance is consistent with autosomal dominant
transmission with reduced penetrance.,disease:Defects in MET may be
associated with gastric cancer, disease:Genetic variations in MET may be
associated with susceptibility to autism type 9 (AUTS9) [MIM:611015]. Autism is a
neurodevelopmental disorder characterized by disturbance in I

#### **Background**

This gene encodes a member of the receptor tyrosine kinase family of proteins and the product of the proto-oncogene MET. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate alpha and beta subunits that are linked via disulfide bonds to form the mature receptor. Further processing of the beta subunit results in the formation of the M10 peptide, which has been shown to reduce lung fibrosis. Binding of its ligand, hepatocyte growth factor, induces dimerization and activation of the receptor, which plays a role in cellular survival, embryogenesis, and cellular migration and invasion. Mutations in this gene are associated with papillary renal cell carcinoma, hepatocellular carcinoma, and various head and neck cancers. Amplification and overexpression of this gene are also associated with multiple human cancers. [provided by RefSeq, May 2016],

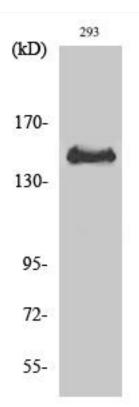
## matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

### **Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

### **Products Images**



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Met (phospho Tyr1349) Monoclonal Antibody

Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd