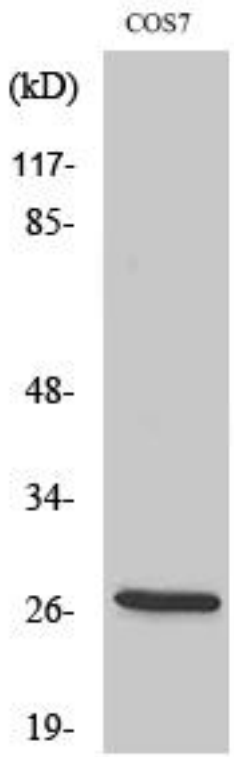
ERAB Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYmab-12720
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat;Monkey
Applications	WB
Gene Name	HSD17B10
Protein Name	3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase type-2
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human ERAB. AA range:111-160
Specificity	ERAB Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ERAB protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	HSD17B10; ERAB; HADH2; MRPP2; SCHAD; XH98G2; 3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase type-2; 17-beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase 10; 17-beta-HSD 10; 3-hydroxy-2-methylbutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase; 3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase type II; Endoplasmic
Observed Band	27kD
Cell Pathway	Mitochondrion . Mitochondrion matrix, mitochondrion nucleoid .
Tissue Specificity	Ubiquitously expressed in normal tissues but is overexpressed in neurons affected in AD.
Function	catalytic activity:(2S,3S)-3-hydroxy-2-methylbutanoyl-CoA + NAD(+) = 2-methylacetoacetyl-CoA + NADH.,catalytic activity:(S)-3-hydroxyacyl-CoA + NAD(+) = 3-oxoacyl-CoA + NADH.,disease:A chromosomal microduplication involving HSD17B10 and HUWE1 is the cause of mental retardation X-linked type 17 (MRX17) [MIM:300705]; also known as mental retardation X-linked type 31 (MRX31). Mental retardation is characterized by significantly sub-average general intellectual functioning associated with impairments in adaptative behavior and

	manifested during the developmental period. In contrast to syndromic or specific X-linked mental retardation which also present with associated physical, neurological and/or psychiatric manifestations, intellectual deficiency is the only primary symptom of non-syndromic X-linked mental retardation.,disease:Defects in HSD17B10 are the cause of 2-methyl-3-hydroxybutyryl-
Background	This gene encodes 3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase type II, a member of the short-chain dehydrogenase/reductase superfamily. The gene product is a mitochondrial protein that catalyzes the oxidation of a wide variety of fatty acids and steroids, and is a subunit of mitochondrial ribonuclease P, which is involved in tRNA maturation. The protein has been implicated in the development of Alzheimer disease, and mutations in the gene are the cause of 17beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase type 10 (HSD10) deficiency. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants have been identified, but the full-length nature of only two transcript variants has been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2014],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using ERAB Monoclonal Antibody