



# TYDP1 mouse mAb

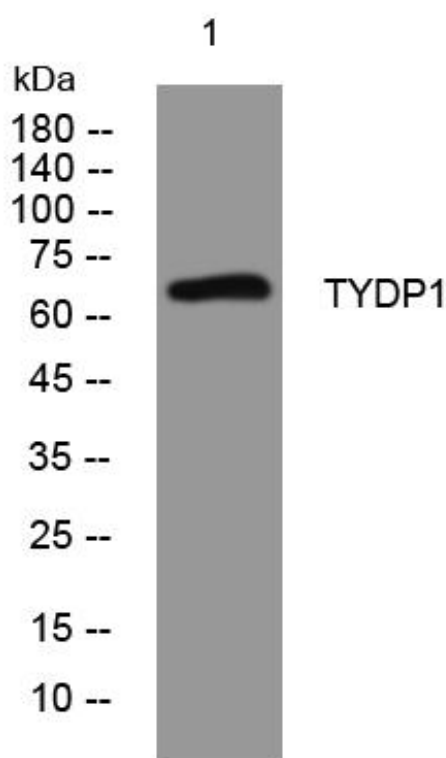
|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Catalog No</b>         | BYmab-11358  |
| <b>Isotype</b>            | IgG  |
| <b>Reactivity</b>         | Human; Mouse;Rat   |
| <b>Applications</b>       | WB   |
| <b>Gene Name</b>          | TDP1   |
| <b>Protein Name</b>       | TYDP1  |
| <b>Immunogen</b>          | Synthesized peptide derived from human TYDP1 AA range: 426-476   |
| <b>Specificity</b>        | This antibody detects endogenous levels of TYDP1 at Human/Mouse/Rat  |
| <b>Formulation</b>        | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.  |
| <b>Source</b>             | Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG  |
| <b>Purification</b>       | The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.   |
| <b>Dilution</b>           | WB 1:500-2000  |
| <b>Concentration</b>      | 1 mg/ml  |
| <b>Purity</b>             | ≥90%   |
| <b>Storage Stability</b>  | -20°C/1 year   |
| <b>Synonyms</b>           |  |
| <b>Observed Band</b>      |  |
| <b>Cell Pathway</b>       | Nucleus . Cytoplasm .  |
| <b>Tissue Specificity</b> | Ubiquitously expressed. Similar expression throughout the central nervous system (whole brain, amygdala, caudate nucleus, cerebellum, cerebral cortex, frontal lobe, hippocampus, medulla oblongata, occipital lobe, putamen, substantia nigra, temporal lobe, thalamus, nucleus accumbens and spinal cord) and increased expression in testis and thymus.   |
| <b>Function</b>           | disease:Defects in TDP1 are the cause of spinocerebellar ataxia autosomal recessive with axonal neuropathy (SCAN1) [MIM:607250]. SCAN1 is an autosomal recessive cerebellar ataxia (ARCA) associated with peripheral axonal motor and sensory neuropathy, distal muscular atrophy, pes cavus and steppage gait as seen in Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy. All affected individuals have normal intelligence..function:DNA repair enzyme that can remove a variety of covalent adducts from DNA through hydrolysis of a 3'-phosphodiester bond, giving rise to DNA with a free 3' phosphate. Catalyzes the hydrolysis of dead-end complexes between DNA and the topoisomerase I active site tyrosine residue. |

**Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd**



|                                  |   |
|----------------------------------|---|
|                                  | Hydrolyzes 3'-phosphoglycolates on protruding 3' ends on DNA double-strand breaks due to DNA damage by radiation and free radicals. Acts on blunt-ended double-strand DNA breaks and on single-stranded DNA. Has low 3'   |
| <b>Background</b>                | The protein encoded by this gene is involved in repairing stalled topoisomerase I-DNA complexes by catalyzing the hydrolysis of the phosphodiester bond between the tyrosine residue of topoisomerase I and the 3-prime phosphate of DNA. This protein may also remove glycolate from single-stranded DNA containing 3-prime phosphoglycolate, suggesting a role in repair of free-radical mediated DNA double-strand breaks. This gene is a member of the phospholipase D family and contains two PLD phosphodiesterase domains. Mutations in this gene are associated with the disease spinocerebellar ataxia with axonal neuropathy (SCAN1). [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2016], |
| <b>matters needing attention</b> | Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!  |
| <b>Usage suggestions</b>         | This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.   |

## Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using TYDP1 mouse mAb