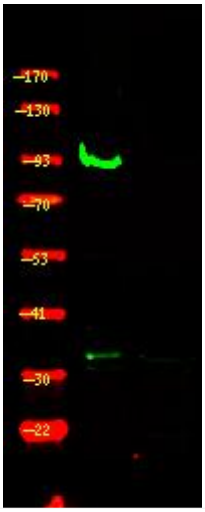
ZAK (Phospho-Ser165) mouse mAb

Catalog No	BYmab-10496
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human; Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	MLTK ZAK HCCS4
Protein Name	ZAK (Phospho-Ser165)
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human ZAK (Phospho-Ser165)
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of ZAK (Phospho-Ser165) at Human, Mouse,Rat
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.152% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	Mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase MLT (EC 2.7.11.25) (Human cervical cancer suppressor gene 4 protein) (HCCS-4) (Leucine zipper- and sterile alpha motif-containing kinase) (MLK-like mitogen-activated protein triple kinase) (Mixed lineage kinase-related kinase) (MLK-related kinase) (MRK) (Sterile alpha motif- and leucine zipper-containing kinase AZK)
Observed Band	
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Translocates to the nucleus upon ultraviolet B irradiation. .
Tissue Specificity	Ubiquitously expressed. Isoform 2 is the predominant form in all tissues examined, except for liver, in which isoform 1 is more highly expressed.
Function	catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,cofactor:Magnesium.,enzyme regulation:Activated by phosphorylation by PKN1 and autophosphorylation on Thr-161 and Ser-165.,function:Stress-activated component of a protein kinase signal transduction cascade. Regulates the JNK and p38 pathways. Pro-apoptotic. Role in regulation of S and G2 cell cycle checkpoint by direct phosphorylation of

	CHEK2. Isoform 1, but not isoform 2, causes cell shrinkage and disruption of actin stress fibers. Isoform 1 may have role in neoplastic cell transformation and cancer development. Isoform 1, but not isoform 2, phosphorylates histone H3 at 'Ser-28'.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. STE Ser/Thr protein kinase family. MAP kinase kinase kinase subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,similarity:Contains 1 SAM (sterile alpha motif) domain.,subcellular location:Tr
Background	This gene is a member of the MAPKKK family of signal transduction molecules and encodes a protein with an N-terminal kinase catalytic domain, followed by a leucine zipper motif and a sterile-alpha motif (SAM). This magnesium-binding protein forms homodimers and is located in the cytoplasm. The protein mediates gamma radiation signaling leading to cell cycle arrest and activity of this protein plays a role in cell cycle checkpoint regulation in cells. The protein also has pro-apoptotic activity. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using ZAK (Phospho-Ser165) mouse mAb