





O5AL1 mouse mAb

| Source Monoclonal, Mouse, IgG Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. Dilution WB 1:500-2000 Concentration 1 mg/ml Purity ≥90% Storage Stability -20°C/1 year Synonyms Observed Band Cell Pathway Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Tissue Specificity function: Odorant receptor .,polymorphism: A double nucleotide deletion Cys-156 in the gene coding for this protein produces a stop codon whice responsible for functional diversity thus producing a pseudogene.,similarity:Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 fam Background Background Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiat neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (receptors) | | |
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| Reactivity Human;Rat;Mouse; Applications WB Gene Name OR5AL1 OR5AL1P Protein Name O5AL1 Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human O5AL1 AA range: 131-181 Specificity This antibody detects endogenous levels of O5AL1 at Human Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium at Source Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. Dilution WB 1:500-2000 Concentration 1 mg/ml Purity ≥90% Storage Stability -20°C/1 year Synonyms Observed Band Cell Pathway Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Tissue Specificity Function function: Odorant receptorpolymorphism: A double nucleotide deletion Cys-156 in the gene coding for this protein produces a stop codon whic responsible for functional diversity thus producing a pseudogene., similarity: Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 fam Background Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiat neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The oldpetors (proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (sprotein sare members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (sprotein sare members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (sprotein sare members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (sprotein sare members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (sprotein sare members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (sprotein sare members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (sprotein sare members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (sprotein sare members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (sprotein sare members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (sprotein sare members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (sprotein sare members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (sprotein sare members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptor | Catalog No | BYmab-09122 |
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| 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hor receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediate | Background | Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in |

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| | the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008], |
|---------------------------|---|
| matters needing attention | Avoid repeated freezing and thawing! |
| Usage suggestions | This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel. |

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