



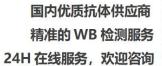
## OR2H2 mouse mAb

Catalog No         BYmab-08363           Isotype         IgG           Reactivity         Human;Rat;Mouse;           Applications         WB           Gene Name         OR2H2 FAT11 OLFR2 OR2H3           Protein Name         OR2H2           Immunogen         Synthesized peptide derived from human OR2H2 AA range: 240-290           Specificity         This antibody detects endogenous levels of OR2H2 at Human           Formulation         Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.           Source         Monoclonal, Mouse, IgG           Purification         The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.           Dilution         WB 1:500-2000           Concentration         1 mg/ml           Purity         ≥90%           Storage Stability         -20°C/1 year           Synonyms         Observed Band           Cell Pathway         Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.           Tissue Specificity         Function           Function         function:Odorant receptor ",similarity:Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor family ", receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate an encuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors (GPCR) arising f		
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Protein Name OR2H2  Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human OR2H2 AA range: 240-290  Specificity This antibody detects endogenous levels of OR2H2 at Human  Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.  Source Monoclonal, Mouse, IgG  Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.  Dilution WB 1:500-2000  Concentration 1 mg/ml  Purity ≥90%  Storage Stability -20°C/1 year  Synonyms  Observed Band  Cell Pathway Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.  Tissue Specificity  Function function: Odorant receptor .,similarity: Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family., Background  Olfactory receptor family 2 subfamily H member 2(OR2H2) Homo sapiens Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptor share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene familiy is the largest it	Applications	WB
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Formulation  Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.  Source  Monoclonal, Mouse, IgG  Purification  The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.  Dilution  WB 1:500-2000  Concentration  1 mg/ml  Purity  ≥90%  Storage Stability  -20°C/1 year  Synonyms  Observed Band  Cell Pathway  Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.  Tissue Specificity  Function  function:Odorant receptor .,similarity:Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family.,  Background  olfactory receptor family 2 subfamily H member 2(OR2H2) Homo sapiens Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a mell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory gene family is the largest it has protein the protein and g protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest it	Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human OR2H2 AA range: 240-290
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	Background	Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone

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	proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

