



# HNF1A Monoclonal Antibody

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| Catalog No         | BYmab-07778   |
| Isotype            | IgG   |
| Reactivity         | Human;Mouse;Rat   |
| Applications       | WB  |
| Gene Name          | HNF1A TCF1  |
| Protein Name       | Hepatocyte nuclear factor 1-alpha (HNF-1-alpha) (HNF-1A) (Liver-specific transcription factor LF-B1) (LFB1) (Transcription factor 1) (TCF-1)  |
| Immunogen          | Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein   |
| Specificity        | HNF1A Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.   |
| Formulation        | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.  |
| Source             | Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG   |
| Purification       | The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.  |
| Dilution           | WB 1:500-2000   |
| Concentration      | 1 mg/ml   |
| Purity             | ≥90%  |
| Storage Stability  | -20°C/1 year  |
| Synonyms           |   |
| Observed Band      | 69kD  |
| Cell Pathway       | Nucleus .   |
| Tissue Specificity | Liver.  |
| Function           | disease:Defects in HNF1A are a cause of susceptibility to insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus (IDDM) [MIM:222100].,disease:Defects in HNF1A are the cause of maturity onset diabetes of the young type 3 (MODY3) [MIM:600496]; also symbolized MODY-3. MODY [MIM:606391] is a form of diabetes characterized by an autosomal dominant mode of inheritance, age of onset of 25 years or younger and a primary defect in insulin secretion. The clinical phenotype of MODY3 is characterized by severe insulin secretory defects, and by major hyperglycemia associated with microvascular complications.,disease:Defects in HNF1A may predispose to hepatic adenomas [MIM:142330]. Hepatic adenomas are benign tumors at risk of malignant transformation. Bi-allelic inactivation of HNF1A, whether sporadic or associated with MODY3, may be an early step in the developmant of some hepatocellular carcinomas.,function:Required |

Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd

**Background**

The protein encoded by this gene is a transcription factor required for the expression of several liver-specific genes. The encoded protein functions as a homodimer and binds to the inverted palindrome 5'-GTTAATNATTAAC-3'. Defects in this gene are a cause of maturity onset diabetes of the young type 3 (MODY3) and also can result in the appearance of hepatic adenomas. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2015],

**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## Products Images