



# Arylsulfatase A Monoclonal Antibody

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|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Catalog No</b>         | BYmab-03725   |
| <b>Isotype</b>            | IgG   |
| <b>Reactivity</b>         | Human;Mouse;Rat   |
| <b>Applications</b>       | WB  |
| <b>Gene Name</b>          | ARSA  |
| <b>Protein Name</b>       | Arylsulfatase A   |
| <b>Immunogen</b>          | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human ARSA. AA range:251-300  |
| <b>Specificity</b>        | Arylsulfatase A Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Arylsulfatase A protein.   |
| <b>Formulation</b>        | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.   |
| <b>Source</b>             | Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG   |
| <b>Purification</b>       | The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.  |
| <b>Dilution</b>           | WB 1:500-2000   |
| <b>Concentration</b>      | 1 mg/ml   |
| <b>Purity</b>             | ≥90%  |
| <b>Storage Stability</b>  | -20°C/1 year  |
| <b>Synonyms</b>           | ARSA; Arylsulfatase A; ASA; Cerebroside-sulfatase   |
| <b>Observed Band</b>      | 54kD  |
| <b>Cell Pathway</b>       | Endoplasmic reticulum . Lysosome .  |
| <b>Tissue Specificity</b> | B-cell,Liver,Small intestine,Testis,  |
| <b>Function</b>           | catalytic activity:A cerebroside 3-sulfate + H(2)O = a cerebroside + sulfate.,cofactor:Binds 1 magnesium ion per subunit.,disease:Arylsulfatase A activity is defective in multiple sulfatase deficiency (MSD) [MIM:272200]. MSD is a disorder characterized by decreased activity of all known sulfatases. MSD is due to defects in SUMF1 resulting in the lack of post-translational modification of a highly conserved cysteine into 3-oxoalanine. It combines features of individual sulfatase deficiencies such as metachromatic leukodystrophy, mucopolysaccharidosis, chondrodysplasia punctata, hydrocephalus, ichthyosis, neurologic deterioration and developmental delay.,disease:Defects in ARSA are a cause of leukodystrophy metachromatic (MLD) [MIM:250100]. MLD is a disease due to a lysosomal storage defect. It is characterized by intralysosomal storage of |

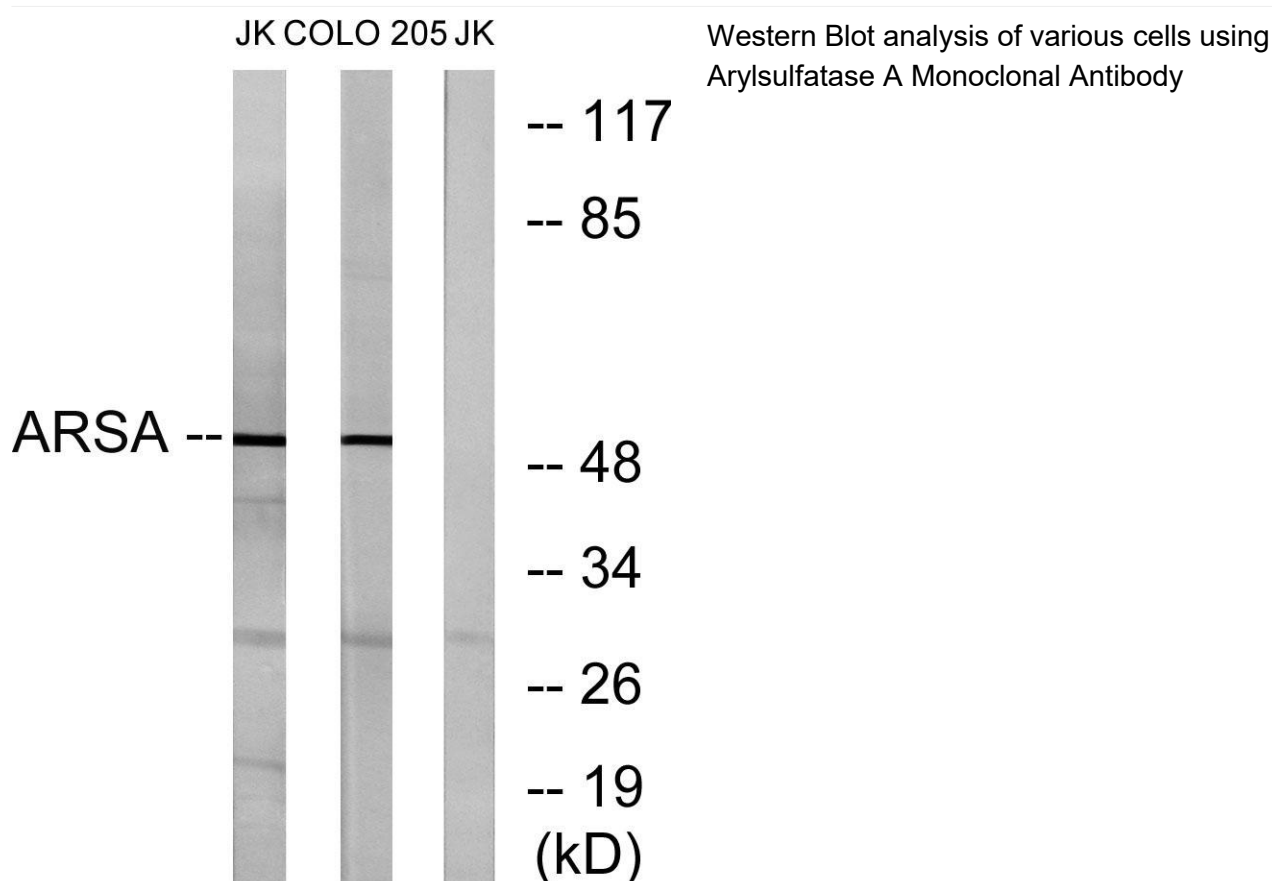
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## cerebroside-3-sulfate in neural and non-neural tis

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| <b>Background</b>                | The protein encoded by this gene hydrolyzes cerebroside sulfate to cerebroside and sulfate. Defects in this gene lead to metachromatic leucodystrophy (MLD), a progressive demyelination disease which results in a variety of neurological symptoms and ultimately death. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2010], |
| <b>matters needing attention</b> | Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!  |
| <b>Usage suggestions</b>         | This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.   |

## Products Images



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