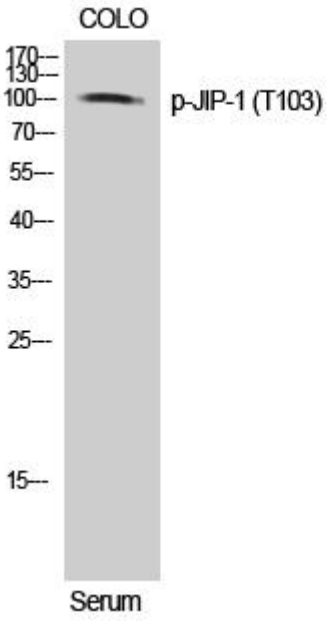
JIP-1 (phospho Thr103) Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYmab-03553
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	MAPK8IP1
Protein Name	C-Jun-amino-terminal kinase-interacting protein 1
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human JIP1 around the phosphorylation site of Thr103. AA range:69-118
Specificity	Phospho-JIP-1 (T103) Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of JIP-1 protein only when phosphorylated at T103.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	MAPK8IP1; IB1; JIP1; PRKM8IP; C-Jun-amino-terminal kinase-interacting protein 1; JIP-1; JNK-interacting protein 1; Islet-brain 1; IB-1; JNK MAP kinase scaffold protein 1; Mitogen-activated protein kinase 8-interacting protein 1
Observed Band	113kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm . Cytoplasm, perinuclear region . Nucleus . Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Mitochondrion membrane. Accumulates in cell surface projections. Under certain stress conditions, translocates to the perinuclear region of neurons. In insulin-secreting cells, detected in both the cytoplasm and nucleus (By similarity). .
Tissue Specificity	Highly expressed in brain. Expressed in neurons, localizing to neurite tips in differentiating cells. Also expressed in the pancreas, testis and prostate. Low levels in heart, ovary and small intestine. Decreased levels in pancreatic beta cells sensitize cells to IL-1-beta-induced apoptosis.
Function	disease:Defects in MAPK8IP1 are a cause of non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus (NIDDM) [MIM:125853]. NIDDM is characterized by an autosomal dominant mode of inheritance, onset during adulthood and insulin

	resistance.,domain:A minimal inhibitory domain prevents pancreatic beta cell apoptosis in vitro, and prevents activation of c-jun by MAPK8, MAPK9 and MAPK10.,domain:The destruction boxes (D-box) may act as recognition signals for degradation via the ubiquitin-proteasome pathway.,function:The JNK-interacting protein (JIP) group of scaffold proteins selectively mediates JNK signaling by aggregating specific components of the MAPK cascade to form a functional JNK signaling module. Required for JNK activation in response to excitotoxic stress. Cytoplasmic MAPK8IP1 causes inhibition of JNK-regulated activity by retaining JNK in the cytoplasm and inhibiting JNK phosphorylation of c-Jun. M
Background	This gene encodes a regulator of the pancreatic beta-cell function. It is highly similar to JIP-1, a mouse protein known to be a regulator of c-Jun amino-terminal kinase (Mapk8). This protein has been shown to prevent MAPK8 mediated activation of transcription factors, and to decrease IL-1 beta and MAP kinase kinase 1 (MEKK1) induced apoptosis in pancreatic beta cells. This protein also functions as a DNA-binding transactivator of the glucose transporter GLUT2. RE1-silencing transcription factor (REST) is reported to repress the expression of this gene in insulin-secreting beta cells. This gene is found to be mutated in a type 2 diabetes family, and thus is thought to be a susceptibility gene for type 2 diabetes. [provided by RefSeq, May 2011],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using JIP-1 (phospho Thr103) Monoclonal Antibody