Dok-1 (phospho Tyr398) Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYmab-03549
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	DOK1
Protein Name	Docking protein 1
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human p62 Dok around the phosphorylation site of Tyr398. AA range:365-414
Specificity	Phospho-Dok-1 (Y398) Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Dok-1 protein only when phosphorylated at Y398.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	DOK1; Docking protein 1; Downstream of tyrosine kinase 1; p62(dok); pp62
Observed Band	62kD
Cell Pathway	[Isoform 1]: Cytoplasm. Nucleus.; [Isoform 3]: Cytoplasm, perinuclear region.
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in pancreas, heart, leukocyte and spleen. Expressed in both resting and activated peripheral blood T-cells. Expressed in breast cancer.
Function	domain:The PTB domain mediates receptor interaction.,function:DOK proteins are enzymatically inert adaptor or scaffolding proteins. They provide a docking platform for the assembly of multimolecular signaling complexes. DOK1 appears to be a negative regulator of the insulin signaling pathway. Modulates integrin activation by competing with talin for the same binding site on ITGB3.,PTM:Constitutively tyrosine-phosphorylated.,PTM:Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues by the insulin receptor kinase. Results in the negative regulation of the insulin signaling pathway.,similarity:Belongs to the DOK family. Type A subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 IRS-type PTB domain.,similarity:Contains 1 PH domain.,subunit:Interacts with ABL (By similarity). Interacts with RasGAP and INPP5D/SHIP1. Interacts directly with phosphorylated ITGB3.,tissue

	specificity:Expressed in pancreas, heart, leukocyte and spleen
Background	docking protein 1(DOK1) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene is part of a signal transduction pathway downstream of receptor tyrosine kinases. The encoded protein is a scaffold protein that helps form a platform for the assembly of multiprotein signaling complexes. Several transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2016],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

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