



C/EBP ϵ (phospho Thr74) Monoclonal Antibody

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| Catalog No | BYmab-01393 |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Reactivity | Human;Rat;Mouse; |
| Applications | WB |
| Gene Name | CEBPE |
| Protein Name | CCAAT/enhancer-binding protein epsilon |
| Immunogen | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human C/EBP-epsilon around the phosphorylation site of Thr74. AA range:40-89 |
| Specificity | Phospho-C/EBP ϵ (T74) Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of C/EBP ϵ protein only when phosphorylated at T74. |
| Formulation | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. |
| Source | Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG |
| Purification | The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. |
| Dilution | WB 1:500-2000 |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml |
| Purity | ≥90% |
| Storage Stability | -20°C/1 year |
| Synonyms | CEBPE; CCAAT/enhancer-binding protein epsilon; C/EBP epsilon |
| Observed Band | 34kD |
| Cell Pathway | Nucleus . |
| Tissue Specificity | Strongest expression occurs in promyelocyte and late-myeloblast-like cell lines. |
| Function | function:C/EBP are DNA-binding proteins that recognize two different motifs: the CCAAT homology common to many promoters and the enhanced core homology common to many enhancers.,online information:CEBPE mutation db,PTM:Phosphorylated.,similarity:Belongs to the bZIP family. C/EBP subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 bZIP domain.,subunit:Binds DNA as a dimer and can form stable heterodimers with C/EBP delta.,tissue specificity:Strongest expression occurs in promyelocyte and late-myeloblast-like cell lines., |
| Background | The protein encoded by this gene is a bZIP transcription factor which can bind as a homodimer to certain DNA regulatory regions. It can also form heterodimers with the related protein CEBP-delta. The encoded protein may be essential for |

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terminal differentiation and functional maturation of committed granulocyte progenitor cells. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Specific Granule Deficiency, a rare congenital disorder. Multiple variants of this gene have been described, but the full-length nature of only one has been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images