PHD2/EGLN1 rabbit pAb

货号	BYab-17870
同位型	IgG
应用	WB
种属	Human;Mouse;Rat
靶点	EGLN1
基因名称	EGLN1 C1orf12 PNAS-118 PNAS-137
蛋白名称	Egl nine homolog 1 (EC 1.14.11.29) (Hypoxia-inducible factor prolyl hydroxylase 2) (HIF-PH2) (HIF-prolyl hydroxylase 2) (HPH-2) (Prolyl hydroxylase domain-containing protein 2) (PHD2) (SM-20)
免疫原	Synthesized peptide derived from human PHD2/EGLN1
特异性	This antibody detects endogenous levels of PHD2/EGLN1 at Human, Mouse,Rat
组成	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide
来源	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
稀释	WB 1:500-2000
纯化工艺	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
分子量	47kD
功能	Cellular oxygen sensor that catalyzes, under normoxic conditions, the post-translational formation of 4-hydroxyproline in hypoxia-inducible factor (HIF) alpha proteins. Hydroxylates a specific proline found in each of the oxygen-dependent degradation (ODD) domains (N-terminal, NODD, and C-terminal, CODD) of HIF1A. Also hydroxylates HIF2A. Has a preference for the CODD site for both HIF1A and HIF1B. Hydroxylated HIFs are then targeted for proteasomal degradation via the von Hippel-Lindau ubiquitination complex. Under hypoxic conditions, the hydroxylation reaction is attenuated allowing HIFs to escape degradation resulting in their translocation to the nucleus, heterodimerization with HIF1B, and increased expression of hypoxy-inducible genes. EGLN1 is the most important isozyme under normoxia and, through regulating the stability of HIF1, involved in various hypoxia-influenced processes
细胞定位	Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Mainly cytoplasmic. Shuttles between the nucleus and cytoplasm (PubMed:19631610). Nuclear export requires functional XPO1. .
组织表达	According to PubMed:11056053, widely expressed with highest levels in skeletal muscle and heart, moderate levels in pancreas, brain (dopaminergic neurons of adult and fetal substantia nigra) and kidney, and lower levels in lung and liver. According to PubMed:12351678 widely expressed with highest levels in brain, kidney and adrenal gland. Expressed in cardiac myocytes, aortic endothelial cells and coronary artery smooth muscle. According to PubMed:12788921; expressed in adult and fetal heart, brain, liver, lung, skeletal muscle and kidney. Also

	expressed in placenta. Highest levels in adult heart, brain, lung and liver and fetal brain, heart spleen and skeletal muscle.
浓度	1 mg/ml
储存	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
有关注意事项	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
使用建议	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

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