



# Parathyroid hormone/parathyroid hormone-related peptide receptor Polyclonal Antibody

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Catalog No</b>         | BYab-13756   |
| <b>Isotype</b>            | IgG  |
| <b>Reactivity</b>         | Human;Rat;Mouse;   |
| <b>Applications</b>       | WB;IHC;IF;ELISA  |
| <b>Gene Name</b>          | PTH1R PTHR PTHR1   |
| <b>Protein Name</b>       | Parathyroid hormone/parathyroid hormone-related peptide receptor   |
| <b>Immunogen</b>          | Synthetic peptide from human protein at AA range: 46-122   |
| <b>Specificity</b>        | The antibody detects endogenous Parathyroid hormone/parathyroid hormone-related peptide receptor   |
| <b>Formulation</b>        | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.  |
| <b>Source</b>             | Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG   |
| <b>Purification</b>       | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.  |
| <b>Dilution</b>           | WB 1:500-2000,IHC-p 1:500-200, ELISA 1:10000-20000. IF 1:50-200  |
| <b>Concentration</b>      | 1 mg/ml  |
| <b>Purity</b>             | ≥90%   |
| <b>Storage Stability</b>  | -20°C/1 year   |
| <b>Synonyms</b>           | Parathyroid hormone/parathyroid hormone-related peptide receptor (PTH/PTHrP type I receptor;PTH/PTHr receptor;Parathyroid hormone 1 receptor;PTH1 receptor)  |
| <b>Observed Band</b>      | 66kD   |
| <b>Cell Pathway</b>       | Cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein .  |
| <b>Tissue Specificity</b> | Expressed in most tissues. Most abundant in kidney, bone and liver.  |
| <b>Function</b>           | disease:Defects in PTH1R are a cause of primary failure of tooth eruption (PFE) [MIM:125350]. PFE is a rare condition that has high penetrance and variable expressivity and in which tooth retention occurs without evidence of any obvious mechanical interference. Instead, malfunction of the eruptive mechanism itself appears to cause nonankylosed permanent teeth to fail to erupt, although the eruption pathway has been cleared by bone resorption.,disease:Defects in PTH1R are the cause of chondrodysplasia Blomstrand type (BOCD) |

Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd



[MIM:215045]. BOCD is a severe skeletal dysplasia.,disease:Defects in PTH1R are the cause of Eiken syndrome [MIM:600002]; also called Eiken skeletal dysplasia or bone modeling defect of hands and feet. Eiken syndrome is a rare familial autosomal recessive skeletal dysplasia. It is characterized by multiple epiphyseal dysplasia, with extremely retarded ossification, pri

#### Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the G-protein coupled receptor family 2. This protein is a receptor for parathyroid hormone (PTH) and for parathyroid hormone-like hormone (PTHrP). The activity of this receptor is mediated by G proteins which activate adenylyl cyclase and also a phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system. Defects in this receptor are known to be the cause of Jansen's metaphyseal chondrodysplasia (JMC), chondrodysplasia Blomstrand type (BOCD), as well as enchondromatosis. Two transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2010],

#### matters needing attention

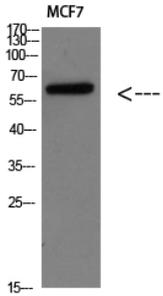
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

#### Usage suggestions

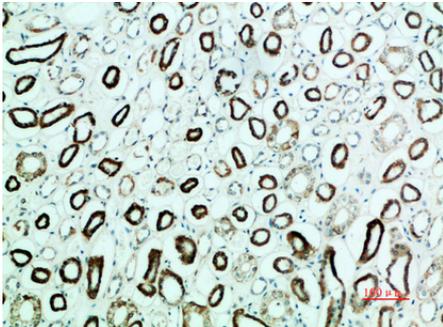
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



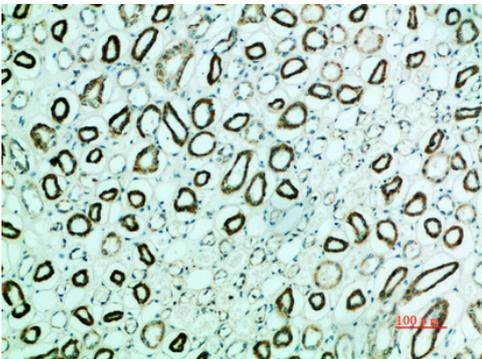
## Products Images



Western blot analysis of MCF7 Cell Lysate, antibody was diluted at 1:1000. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-kidney, antibody was diluted at 1:200



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-kidney, antibody was diluted at 1:200