



## RP1 rabbit pAb

| Catalog No         | BYab-12263   |
|--------------------|--|
| lsotype            | lgG  |
| Reactivity         | Human; Mouse   |
| Applications       | WB;ELISA;IHC   |
| Gene Name          | RP1 ORP1   |
| Protein Name       | RP1  |
| Immunogen          | Synthesized peptide derived from human RP1 AA range: 1330-1380   |
| Specificity        | This antibody detects endogenous levels of RP1 at Human/Mouse  |
| Formulation        | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.  |
| Source             | Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG   |
| Purification       | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.  |
| Dilution           | WB 1:500-2000;IHC-p 1:50-300; ELISA 2000-20000   |
| Concentration      | 1 mg/ml  |
| Purity             | ≥90%   |
| Storage Stability  | -20°C/1 year   |
| Synonyms           |  |
| Observed Band      |  |
| Cell Pathway       | Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium axoneme . Cell projection, cilium, photoreceptor outer segment . Specifically localized in the connecting cilia of rod and cone photoreceptors.  |
| Tissue Specificity | Expressed in retina. Not expressed in heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney, spleen and pancreas.   |
| Function           | disease:Defects in RP1 are the cause of retinitis pigmentosa type 1 (RP1)<br>[MIM:180100]. RP leads to degeneration of retinal photoreceptor cells. Patients<br>typically have night vision blindness and loss of midperipheral visual field. As their<br>condition progresses, they lose their far peripheral visual field and eventually<br>central vision as well.,function:Could have a role in the differentiation of<br>photoreceptor cells.,online information:Retina International's Scientific<br>Newsletter,online information:Retinal information network,similarity:Contains 2<br>doublecortin domains.,tissue specificity:Expressed in retina. Not expressed in |

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| Background                | This gene encodes a member of the doublecortin family. The protein encoded by this gene contains two doublecortin domains, which bind microtubules and regulate microtubule polymerization. The encoded protein is a photoreceptor microtubule-associated protein and is required for correct stacking of outer segment disc. This protein and the RP1L1 protein, another retinal-specific protein, play essential and synergistic roles in affecting photosensitivity and outer segment morphogenesis of rod photoreceptors. Because of its response to in vivo retinal oxygen levels, this protein was initially named ORP1 (oxygen-regulated protein-1). This protein was subsequently designated RP1 (retinitis pigmentosa 1) when it was found that mutations in this gene cause autosomal dominant retinitis pigmentosa. Transcript variants resulted from an alternative promoter and alternative splicings have been found, which overlap the current reference sequence. However, the biological validity and full-length nature of some variants cannot be determined at this time.[provided by RefSeq, Sep 2010], |
|---------------------------|--|
| matters needing attention | Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!   |
| Usage suggestions         | This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.  |
|                           |  |

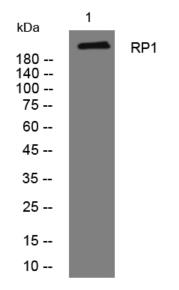
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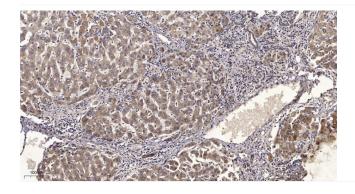
国内优质抗体供应商 精准的 WB 检测服务 24H 在线服务,欢迎咨询



## **Products Images**



Western blot analysis of lysates from 293T cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4°over night



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).

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