



# RM28 Polyclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	BYab-05228
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse
<b>Applications</b>	WB;ELISA
<b>Gene Name</b>	MRPL28 MAAT1
<b>Protein Name</b>	39S ribosomal protein L28, mitochondrial (L28mt) (MRP-L28) (Melanoma antigen p15) (Melanoma-associated antigen recognized by T-lymphocytes)
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 1-80
<b>Specificity</b>	RM28 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	
<b>Observed Band</b>	28kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Mitochondrion .
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Found in a variety of normal tissues including spleen, testes, thymus, liver, kidney, brain, adrenal, lung and retinal tissue.
<b>Function</b>	miscellaneous:Potentially represents an important therapeutic reagent for HLA-A24 patients. This antigen is recognized by tumor-infiltrating lymphocyte (TIL) 1290 in the context of HLA-A24.,similarity:Belongs to the ribosomal protein L28P family.,tissue specificity:Found in a variety of normal tissues including spleen, testes, thymus, liver, kidney, brain, adrenal, lung and retinal tissue.,
<b>Background</b>	Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA.

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Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein, a part of which was originally isolated by its ability to recognize tyrosinase in an HLA-A24-restricted fashion. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## Products Images

