



IκB-α Mouse mAb(2A5)

Catalog No	BYab-04803
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human; Mouse;Rat
Applications	IHC;WB
Gene Name	NFKBIA IKBA MAD3 NFKBI
Protein Name	NF-kappa-B inhibitor alpha
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human IκB α
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of IκB α at Human, Mouse,Rat
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.44% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	IHC-p1:50-200 ,WB 1:1000-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	NF-kappa-B inhibitor alpha (I-kappa-B-alpha) (IκB-alpha) (IκappaBalpha) (Major histocompatibility complex enhancer-binding protein MAD3)
Observed Band	about 40kd
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm by a nuclear localization signal (NLS) and a CRM1-dependent nuclear export. .
Tissue Specificity	Brain,Kidney,Lymph node,Monocyte,
Function	disease:Defects in NFKBIA are the cause of ectodermal dysplasia anhidrotic with T-cell immunodeficiency autosomal dominant (AEDAID) [MIM:612132]. Ectodermal dysplasia defines a heterogeneous group of disorders due to abnormal development of two or more ectodermal structures. AEDAID is an ectodermal dysplasia associated with decreased production of pro-inflammatory cytokines and certain interferons, rendering patients susceptible to infection..function:Inhibits the activity of dimeric NF-kappa-B/REL complexes by trapping REL dimers in the cytoplasm through masking of their nuclear localization signals. On cellular stimulation by immune and proinflammatory responses, becomes phosphorylated promoting ubiquitination and degradation, enabling the dimeric RELA to translocate to the nucleus and activate

Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd



transcription.,induction:Induced in adherent monocytes.,online information:NFKBIA mutation

Background

This gene encodes a member of the NF-kappa-B inhibitor family, which contain multiple ankrin repeat domains. The encoded protein interacts with REL dimers to inhibit NF-kappa-B/REL complexes which are involved in inflammatory responses. The encoded protein moves between the cytoplasm and the nucleus via a nuclear localization signal and CRM1-mediated nuclear export. Mutations in this gene have been found in ectodermal dysplasia anhidrotic with T-cell immunodeficiency autosomal dominant disease. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2011],

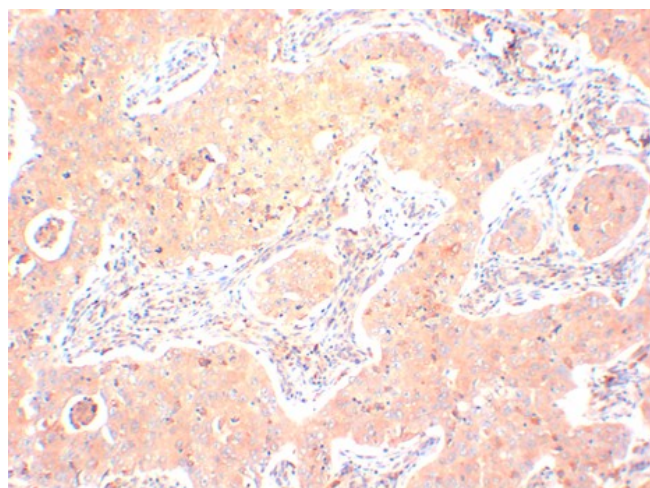
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

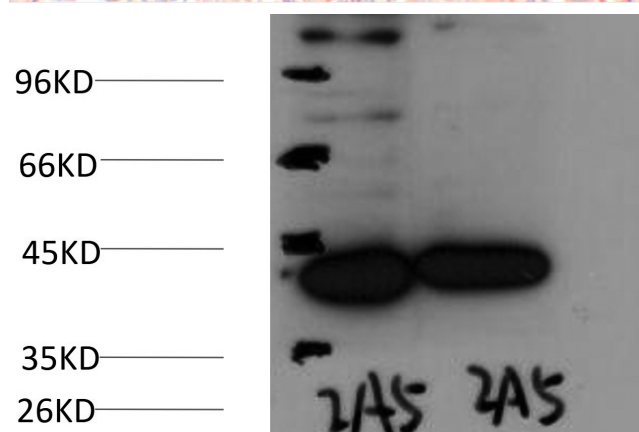
Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Lung Carcinoma Tissue using IκB α Mouse Monoclonal antibody diluted at 1:200.



Western blot analysis of 1)Hela Cell, 2) Mouse Brain Tissue Lysate using IκB α Mouse Monoclonal mAb diluted at 1:2,000.

Nanjing BYabs science technology Co.,Ltd