



# c-FLIP Polyclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	BYab-00565
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Rat;Mouse;
<b>Applications</b>	WB;ELISA
<b>Gene Name</b>	CFLAR
<b>Protein Name</b>	CASP8 and FADD-like apoptosis regulator
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the N-terminal region of human CFLAR. AA range:1-50
<b>Specificity</b>	c-FLIP Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of c-FLIP protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	CFLAR; CASH; CASP8AP1; CLARP; MRIT; CASP8 and FADD-like apoptosis regulator; Caspase homolog; CASH; Caspase-eight-related protein; Casper; Caspase-like apoptosis regulatory protein;CLARP; Cellular FLICE-like inhibitory protein; c-FLIP; FADD-like antiapoptotic molecule 1; FLAME-1; Inhibitor of FLICE; I-FLICE; MACH-related inducer of toxicity; MRIT; Usurpin
<b>Observed Band</b>	55kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	cytoplasm,cytosol,death-inducing signaling complex,CD95 death-inducing signaling complex,membrane raft,riposome,
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Widely expressed. Higher expression in skeletal muscle, pancreas, heart, kidney, placenta, and peripheral blood leukocytes. Also detected in diverse cell lines. Isoform 8 is predominantly expressed in testis and skeletal muscle.
<b>Function</b>	domain:The caspase domain lacks the active sites residues involved in catalysis.,function:Apoptosis regulator protein which may function as a crucial link between cell survival and cell death pathways in mammalian cells. Acts as an inhibitor of TNFRSF6 mediated apoptosis. A proteolytic fragment (p43) is likely

Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd



retained in the death-inducing signaling complex (DISC) thereby blocking further recruitment and processing of caspase-8 at the complex. Full length and shorter isoforms have been shown either to induce apoptosis or to reduce TNFRSF-triggered apoptosis. Lacks enzymatic (caspase) activity.,induction:Repressed by IL-2 after TCR stimulation, during progression to the S-phase of the cell cycle.,PTM:Proteolytically processed; probably by caspase-8. Processing likely occurs at the DISC and generates subunit p43 and p12.,similarity:Belongs to the peptidase C14A family.,similarity:Contains

#### Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a regulator of apoptosis and is structurally similar to caspase-8. However, the encoded protein lacks caspase activity and appears to be itself cleaved into two peptides by caspase-8. Several transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene, and partial evidence for several more variants exists. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2011],

#### matters needing attention

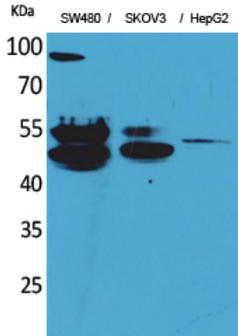
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

#### Usage suggestions

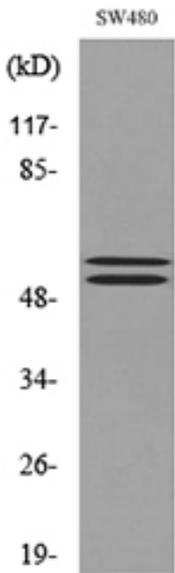
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



## Products Images



Western Blot analysis of SW480, SKOV3, HepG2 cells using c-FLIP Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Western blot analysis of lysate from SW480 cells, using CFLAR Antibody.